











## Conclusions

This paper summarizes different ways to alter the flow pattern in the steel continuous casting mold using electromagnetic forces, and the computational methods used to study them. Computational models always require rigorous validation with plant measurements before extending their predictions to meaningful parametric studies. To this end, nailboard velocity measurement and oscillation marks for free-surface profiling are simple but powerful practical ways to measure, the surface flow pattern. Due to the transient nature of turbulent flow, such measurements should be repeated many times for reliability.

Electromagnetic forces are just one of several parameters which control the flow pattern. Nozzle geometry, gas injection, and MHD must all be optimized together for a given speed and section size, so there is no universal best field configuration.

An accurate, validated computational model is a powerful and inexpensive tool to assist in designing MHD to help control the flow pattern in steel continuous casting. The RANS approach with MHD can be effectively used to predict and optimize the effect of magnetic field on transient velocity and level fluctuations in the mold to produce high quality steel.

## Acknowledgements

The authors gratefully thank Kevin Cukierski for the electromagnetic study, Bret Rietow for the nailboard velocity work, Ron O'Malley for the measurements at Nucor, Decatur, AL, and the Continuous Casting Consortium for funding.

## References

- [1] B. G. Thomas, Chapter 14. Fluid Flow in the mold, in Making, Shaping and Treating of Steel, A.W. Cramb, Editor. 2003, AISE Steel Foundation: Pittsburgh, PA.
- [2] A. Idogawa, Y. Kitano and H. Tozawa: Kawasaki Steel Tech. Rep., 1996, 35, 74–81.
- [3] H. Harada, T. Toh, T. Ishii, K. Kaneko and E. Takeuchi: ISIJ Int., 2001, 41, 1236–1244.
- [4] S. Kunstreich, Electromagnetic stirring for continuous casting-Part-I, La Revue de Métallurgie-CIT, Avril 2003.
- [5] Brian G. Thomas, Lifeng Zhang : ISIJ International, 2001, Vol.41, No.10, pp.1181-1193.
- [6] Argyropoulos, S.A., Measuring velocity in high-temperature liquid metals: a review. Scand. J. Metall., 2000. 30.
- [7] J. Kubota: in *Mold Operation for Quality and Productivity*, Cramb, Szekeres, eds. Iron & Steel Soc., 1991.
- [8] P.H. Dauby, W.H. Emling, and R. Sobolewski, : Ironmaker and Steelmaker, 1986. 13(Feb): p. 28-36.
- [9] Rietow, B. and B.G. Thomas, AISTech 2008 Steelmaking Conference Proc., (Pittsburgh, PA, May 5-8, 2008).
- [10] Takeuchi, E and J. K. Brimacombe, : Metall. Trans. B, 1984, Vol. 15B, No. 3, pp. 493-509.
- [11] J. Smagorinsky: Monthly Weather Review, (1963), 91, 99.
- [12] S. Sivaramkrishnan, B. G. Thomas and S. P. Vanka., in Materials Processing in the Computer Age, 3, V. Voller and H. Henein, eds., TMS, Warrendale, PA, (2000), 189-198.
- [13] B. E. Launder and D. B. Spalding: Computer Methods in Applied Mechanics and Engr, (1974),13 (3), 269.
- [14] B. E. Launder and D. B. Spalding, Mathematical Models of Turbulence. 1972: London Academic Press.
- [15] B. G. Thomas, Chapter 5. Modeling of Continuous Casting, in Making, Shaping and Treating of Steel, A.W. Cramb, Editor. 2003, AISE Steel Foundation: Pittsburgh, PA.
- [16] Thomas, B.G., Yuan, Q., Sivaramkrishnan, S., Shi, T., Vanka, S.P., and Assar, M:ISIJ Int.,2001,41(10):.
- [17] B. G. Thomas, X. Huang and R. C. Sussman: Metall. Trans. B, 25B (1994), No. 4, 527.
- [18] H. Bai and B. G. Thomas: Metall. Mater. Trans. B, 32B (2001), No.2, 253.
- [19] H. Bai and B. G. Thomas: Metall. Mater. Trans. B, 32B (2001), No. 2, 269.
- [20] N. Kubo, J. Kubota, M. Suzuki and T. Ishii: Nippon Steel Tech. Rep., (1998), No. 164, 1.
- [21] K.-H. Spitzer, M. Dubke and K. Schwerdtfeger: Metall. Mater. Trans. B, 17B (1986), No. 2, 119.
- [22] N. Genma, T. Soejima, T. Saito, M. Kimura, Y. Kaihara, H. Fukumoto and K. Ayata: ISIJ Int., 29 (1989), No. 12.
- [23] Idogawa A., Sugizawa M., Takeuchi S., Sorimachi K., and Fujii T.: Mats Sc and Eng., A173, (1993) 293-297.
- [24] Y. Hwang, P. Cha, H. Nam, K. Moon and J. Yoon: ISIJ Int., 37 (1997), No. 7, 659.
- [25] B. Li, T. Okane and T. Umeda: Metall. Mater. Trans. B, 31B (2000), No. 6, 1491.
- [26] H. Shen, B. Liu and L. Wang: : International Journal of CastMetals Research, 2005 Vol. 18, No 4.
- [27] T. Ueyama, K. Shinkura, and R. Ueda, IEEE Trans. Magn., vol. 25, no. 5, pp. 4153–4155, 1989.
- [28] Ryu Hirayama, Keisuke Fujisaki and Takahiro Yamada: IEEE Trans. Magn., vol. 40, no. 4, 2004
- [29] R. Moreau. Magnetohydrodynamics. Kluwer Academic Publishers, 1990.
- [30] Kevin Cukierski and Brian G. Thomas, : Metall. Mater. Trans B, Vol. 39, No. 1, Feb 2008.
- [31] Chaudhary R., Lee Go-Gi, Thomas B. G., and Kim S-H: Met. and Mat Trans B, Vol. 39, No-6, Dec 2008.
- [32] FLUENT6.3-Manual (2007), ANSYS Inc., 10 Cavendish Court, Lebanon, NH, USA.